

HostPaymentData.hpp

```
struct HostPaymentData
```

- The Payment Data object is introduced to reflect the nexo/ISO20022 structure that encapsulates the data elements required to execute the required transaction, such as the Instrument used e.g. card and the authentication details (e.g. the actual signature or the encrypted PIN block if captured).

```

    std::optional<std::string> cardBrand_, std::optional<std::string> cardproduct_, std::optional<OrderType>
    orderType_)
    std::optional<std::string> billingStreet
    std::optional<std::string> billingCity
    std::optional<std::string> billingCountrySubdivision
    std::optional<std::string> billingPostCode
    std::optional<std::string> billingCountry
    std::optional<std::string> pinEncryptedData
    std::optional<std::string> pinKeySerialNumber

```

with defined boundaries, and a local government. This could be city or town.

identifies a sub-division of a country which may be state, region or county.

- Customer Billing Address Postal Code Identifier consisting of a group of letters and/or numbers that is added to a postal address to
- Encrypted PIN. (Personal Identification Number). The PIN data associated with the Card holder or Customer (where known). This value should be an encrypted representation of the PIN. This is attribute ISO8583 DE52. This value can never be persisted or logged. The encrypted PIN content as a string.
- Authentication Online PinData EncryptedPINBlock The KSN is a constructed element that has multiple parts. In DUKPT 2009 this identification information is referred to as a Key Serial Number (KSN) sent by the initiator of the message to uniquely identify the

derived key at the recipient. This is the first 5 bytes of the KSN. The structure should follow the standard:

```
Issuer Identification Number - 3 bytes
Merchant ID - 1 byte
Group ID - 1 byte
Device ID - 19 bits
Transaction Counter 21 bits.
```

`std::optional<InstrumentType> instrumentType`

rd, token or other... see InstrumentType

`std::optional<std::string> maskedCardNumber`

`std::optional<std::unordered_map<std::string, std::string>> cardDataEmvTags`

is a Verifone keys, Acquirer/Customer keys or none.

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataEparms`

- VCI AFS-DIUKPT encryption requires the use of eParms which is an additional blob of encrypted data associated with the encrypted

`std::optional<CardEncryptionType> cardDataEncryptionType`

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataTrack2`

blob.

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataTrack2Ksn`

onal. If encryption is based on the encryption used

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataPan`

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataPanKsn`

/ NOTE: This is optional. If encryption is based on the encryption used

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataExpiry`

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataExpiryKsn`

Entry NOTE: This is optional. If encryption is based on the encryption used

`std::optional<std::string> cardDataCvv`

<https://verifone.cloud/docs/in-person-payments/payment-software-development-kit-guide-psdk/api-reference/linux-api-47>

Updated: 18-Jul-2024

std::optional<std::string> cardDataCvvKsn

Entry NOTE: This is optional. If encryption is based on the encryption used

std::optional<std::string> cardBrand

correspond to a consistent name, the list of constants is in CardInformation

std::optional<std::string> cardproduct

- The product name associated with the card brand. e.g. Classic, Standard, Gold, Platinum, World. This must correspond to an actual

std::optional<OrderType> orderType

- Order type see OrderType