• verifone

https://verifone.cloud/docs/application-development-kit-version-48/packman_users_guide Updated: 13-Jun-2025

Packman Tool

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This page contains information about the Packman tool usage and design.

Introduction

On V/OS and V/OS2 platforms, the packaging is using three levels of archives.

- Dlfile
 - Bundle(s)
 - Package(s)

Please refer to Secure Installer for complete description of these archives.

The Packman tool is providing three facilities to manage the creation, modification and signing of archives:

- 1. Command line interface
- 2. UI interface
- 3. Python library with APIs

Installation

Pre-requisites

Packman tool has following pre-requisites:

- Host OS: Windows or Linux.
- HTML5 CSS3 Javascript browser (only if UI interface is used)

Windows

- 1. Install python 3.8+ for windows
 - choose 'Customize Installation'
 - b Python 3.8.10 (64-bit) Setup



Х

- 2. Extract packman release file (.zip) to a directory of your choice
 - \circ tools like 7-zip and the like can be used
 - $\circ~$ 'c:\tools\packman' is assumed in this documentation
- 3. Open a command line window 'cmd'
- 4. Change current directory to packman directory

```
cd c:\tools\packman
```

5. Install requirements

```
py -m pip install -e .
```

Linux

These steps may vary upon linux distributions. Ubuntu is assumed in the examples.

1. Install python 3.8+

```
sudo apt install python3
```

2. Install pip

sudo apt install python3-pip

Extract packman release file (tgz) to a directory of your choice

 '~/tools/packman' is assumed in this documentation

tar xzvf packman_x.y.z.tgz

4. Change current directory to packman directory

```
cd ~/tools/packman
```

5. Install requirements

pip install -e .

Reference

Launch

Windows

1. Open a command line window 'cmd'

py packman.py

Linux

- Open a terminal (ie Ctrl+Alt+T)
- 1. Launch

packman.py

Command line interface

Launch

All command line examples will use the same format:

packman.py <command> <options>

Please adapt to:

• on Windows:

python packman.py <command> <options>

- on Linux:
 - ./packman.py <command> <options>

Help

• General help:

packman.py -h

Example output:

```
usage: packman.py [-h] [--show_all] [--winforce_permissions]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 {b
list
 ,merge,post_signingportal,pre_signingportal,sign,sponsor_change_create,sponsor_cl
 .7.2
  positional arguments: {build,cpapp_convert,db_add,extract,gen_activation,gen_d
list
 ,merge,post_signingportal,pre_signingportal,sign,sponsor_change_create,sponsor_cl
and exit --show all
                                                                                                         do
  not collapse issues --winforce_permissions
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               force usrX e
-123345678.
zip -o dl.dlfile.tar
                                                                             packman.py cpapp_convert -t vos3 -s dev --cpapp_type
List content of
'dlfile.tqz
                                                           packman.py list -t vos2 -d dlfile.tgz
                                                                                                                                                                                                               packman.py list
dl.dlfile.tar
                             packman.py sponsor_change_create -t vos3 -s dev --current_sponsor 12345
dl.dlfile.tar
                             packman.py sponsor_change_merge -t vos3 -i dl.signed_current.tar dl.sign
file.uvrk.tar
```

```
' packman.py uvrk_build -t vos3 -i payload_123-456-789.vrk2.json -o file.u
file.uvrk.tar
' packman.py uvrk_build -t vos3 -i payload_123-456-789.vrk2.json -o file.u
```

that options can be combined: '-r -d dlfile.tgz' is equivalent to '-rd dlfile.tgz'

• Command help:

```
packman.py <command> -h
```

Example output:

Here a summary of commands:

Command	Description
build	build archive from directories
cpapp_convert	convert CP application
db_add	add bundles to database
extract	extract content of archive
gen_activation	generate activation dlfile
gen_diff	generate differential dlfile
gen_removal	generate removal dlfile
keywrap	wrap key into archive
list	list content of archive
merge	merge several archives into one
pre_signingportal	modify dlfile for usage with signing portal
post_signingportal	modify dlfile after signing portal usage
sign	sign archive content
sponsor_change_create	create a sponsor change
sponsor_change_merge	merge two sponsor change
stat	output information on archive
ui	launch user interface
upwd_build	build unified packaging password
uvrk_build	build unified packaging vrk

validate	retrieve validation report on archive
zip_create	create zip file with files to sign in directory
zip_sign	sign file within zip file
zip_apply	add signatures in zip file back to directory

All operations require to provide the target platform (ie '-t vos2')

Windows force permissions (vos3 only)

In order to force executable permission bits when running packman on Windows, a special option flag '-winforce_permissions' can be used:

```
packman.py --winforce_permissions build -t vos3 -s dev -i input_dir -fd
dlfile.tar
```

On Windows, this will build a dlfile archive named 'dlfile.tar' from the content of the directories 'input_dir' for the platform vos3 and if a user package has an executable file, its permissions bits for execution will be set.

build command

The 'build' command creates archives (dlfile, bundle, package) from the contents of directories. Please refer to 'build' help for all options.

Example usage:

packman.py build -t vos2 -i input_dir input_dir2 -d dlfile.tgz

This will build a dlfile archive named 'dlfile.tgz' from the content of the directories 'input_dir' and 'input_dir2' for the platform vos2. This input directory should normally contain CONTROL directory, bundles, ...

The 'build' command can also act recursively to create archives from the content of a directory. The top directory provided contains bundle directories which in turn contain package directories. Each directory must contain the appropriate CONTROL directory and files. The recursive build will recursively package all of them to produce a dlfile. The recursive build is enabled using the option flag '-r'.

Example usage:

packman.py build -t vos2 -ri input_dir -d dlfile.tgz

This will build a dlfile archive named 'dlfile.tgz' from the content of the directory 'input_dir' recursively packaging dlfile/bundle/package directories inside for the platform vos2.

extract command

The 'extract' command extracts recursively the content of archives (dlfile, bundle, package) to directories. The extracted content is layed out such as a recursive build done on this output would recreate the original archive. Please refer to 'extract' help for all options.

Example usage:

packman.py extract -t vos2 -d dlfile.tgz -o dlfile_dir

This will extract a dlfile archive named 'dlfile.tgz' recursively to the directory 'dlfile_dir' for the platform vos2.

db_add command (vos3 only)

The 'db_add' command takes as input a dlfile and registers its content to a local database. This database is located at <user_home>/.packman/db/ The content of the database can be used for generating differentials: see gen_diff command (vos3 only).

Before being registered, the dlfile is first validated.

Example usage:

packman.py db_add -t vos3 -d dlfile.tar

This will look register to database all bundles and upfiles in 'dlfile.tar'.

gen_diff command (vos3 only)

The 'gen_diff' command takes as input source and destination bundles and creates a differential dlfile. This command operates either by providing a differential description file or by providing source ans destination dlfiles

When providing source and destination dlfiles, packman will add all bundles and upfiles of all dlfiles to the database (see <u>db_add command (vos3 only)</u>) then create a differential description file containing the matching information and run the differential command with it.

Differential process overview:

- In all steps, targeting of both source and destination are taken into account
- For all upfiles, removal bundles and sponsor changes in destination: add to diff dlfile
- In all other cases: perform entry by entry selection between "add", "copy" and "sbspatch" operations : add resulting differential bundle to diff dlfile

Example usage (differential description file):

packman.py gen_diff -t vos3 --diff diff_file.json -o dl.diff.tar

This will look for the bundles listed in diff_file.json (source and destination), check that they are present in database and generate a differential dlfile 'dl.diff.tar' for the platform vos3.

Example usage (source and destination dlfiles):

```
packman.py gen_diff -t vos3 --src dl.source.tar --dst dl.destination.tar -o
    dl.diff.tar
```

This will add to database all bundles and upfiles in 'dl.source.tar' and 'dl.destination.tar' and then generate a differential dlfile 'dl.diff.tar' for the platform vos3.

Here is shown the structure of a differential description file:

```
"bundles": [
     "source": {
                                                                      "digest":
"36e7300a0559831ede5065d1dd10d6802e4ad884d7965d512eabcb6f562430de"
                  "name": "bundle a",
                                                        "version": "1.0.0"
1
             }
                                                "upfiles"
                                       ]
: [
                                  "digest":
"6802e4ad884d7965d512eabcb6f562430de36e7300a0559831ede5065d1dd10d"
                  "name": "mykeya.uvrk.tar"
             },
                                             },
                                                    "destination": {
                                        1
"bundles": [
                                            "digest":
"4ad884d7965d512eabcb6f562430de36e7300a0559831ede5065d1dd10d6802e"
                                                        "version": "1.0.0"
                  "name": "bundle_b",
,
             },
                                                 "upfiles"
                                        1
                            . . .
: [
                                  "digest":
"e36e7300a06802e4ad884d7965d512eabcb6f562430d559831ede5065d1dd10d"
                  "name": "mykeyb.uvrk.tar"
            },
                                             } }
                                        ]
                            . . .
```

Note: the differential process on entries ('copy' and 'sbspatch' operations) are allowed on all destination package types (read-only or not) and can refer any file of any source bundle/package as long as this source package is read-only.

This command allows to specify **Bundle filters (vos3 only)**

list command

The 'list' command lists content of archives (dlfile, bundle, package). Please refer to 'list' help for all options.

Example usage:

packman.py list -t vos2 -rd dlfile.tgz

This will list recursively (-r) the content of a dlfile archive (-d) named 'dlfile.tgz' for the platform vos2.

gen_removal command (vos3 only)

The 'gen_removal' takes as input a dlfile containing bundles and creates a dlfile containing the corresponding removal bundles. The type of remove bundles can be chosen with '-remove_type' which takes one of the following values:

- **bundle_version** (default): this creates remove bundles for the bundle and its version
- **bundle** : this creates remove bundles for the bundle without version specified
- **user** : this creates remove bundles for the user (removing all bundles for that user)

Please refer to 'gen_removal' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py gen_removal -t vos3 -s dev -d dl.file.tar -o dl.file_remove.tar
```

This will look for the bundles in dlfile named 'dlfile.tgz' and create in 'dl.file_remove.tar' removal bundles using the 'bundle_version' type for the platform vos3.

This command allows to specify **Bundle filters (vos3 only)**

list command

The 'list' command lists content of archives (dlfile, bundle, package). Please refer to 'list' help for all options.

Example usage:

packman.py list -t vos2 -rd dlfile.tgz

This will list recursively (-r) the content of a dlfile archive (-d) named 'dlfile.tgz' for the platform vos2.

Example:

```
> ./packman.py list
  -t vos2 -rd dl.normal.tgzDlfile dl.normal.tgz Bundle bdl_normal.tgz Dir @
```

Other types of reports are available by using the '-report_type' option with:

- content (all platforms, default): lists content and entry types
- security (vos3 only): list bundles, their signer, user membership and requested capabilities
- dependency (vos3 only): list bundles, their hardware platform, targeting and dependencies
- **target** (vos3 only): lists installed entries with location, type (Dir, File, Symlink), size, linkname, user, group, mode, capabilities, sha1
- similarity (vos3 only) (experimental): lists equal or similar file contents

merge command

The 'merge' command allows to combine several archives of same type (dlfile, bundle, package, uvrk, upwd) to create a single archive of that same type containing the merge of all contents. Merging archives with different types is not allowed except between dlfile and a unified package (uvrk, upwd). Please refer to 'merge' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py merge -t vos2 -d dlfile1.tgz dlfile2.tgz -o dlfile.tgz
```

This will create a dlfile archive named 'dlfile.tgz' which contains all content of the 'dlfile1.tgz' and 'dlfile2.tgz' for the platform vos2.

```
packman.py merge -t vos3 -u mykey1.uvrk.tar mykey2.uvrk.tar -o mykeys.uvrk
.tar
```

This will create a combined uvrk archive with both uvrk archive keys merged.

```
packman.py merge -t vos3 -d dlfile.tar -u mykeys.uvrk.tar mypasswords.upwd .tar -o dl.merged.tar
```

This will create a dlfile 'dl.merged.tar' that contains all bundles of 'dlfile.tar', 'mykeys.uvrk.tar' and 'mypasswords.upwd.tar'.

This command allows to specify **Bundle filters (vos3 only)**

sign command

The 'sign' command signs content of archives (dlfile, bundle, package). Please refer to 'sign' help for all options.

Example usage 1:

packman.py sign -t vos2 -s dev_usr -d dlfile.tgz -o dlfile_signed.tgz

This will list recursively sign the content of a dlfile archive (-d) named 'dlfile.tgz' for the platform vos2 and output result in 'dlfile_signed.tgz'.

Example usage 2:

packman.py sign -t vos2 -rs dev_usr -d dlfile.tgz -fo dlfile_signed.tgz

Same as above except that if a signature already exists, it will resign anyway (-r) and if output file already exists, it will force overwriting (-f).

validate command

The 'validate' command creates a validation report for the content of archives (dlfile, bundle, package). Please refer to 'validate' help for all options.

Example usage:

packman.py validate -t vos2 -rd dlfile.tgz

This will recursively scan the archive and display packaging errors if found.

Example output:

```
> ./packman.py validate -t vos2 -rd
test_resources/dl.pkg_notcompressed.tgzERROR (structure) -
bdl_pkg_notcompressed.tgz/pkg_pkg_notcompressed.tar : Package is not
compressederrors:1 warnings:0
```

cpapp_convert command (vos3 only)

The 'cpapp_convert' command converts a CP application (Commerce Plaform) into an installable dlfile. The input can be a CP application zip file or a dlfile. The type of dlfile output can be chosen using the '-cpapp_type' option: 'prod' for normal type, 'appdev' for development on appdev devices. Please refer to 'cpapp_convert' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py cpapp_convert -t vos3 -s dev -z mycpapp-887643134.zip -o dl .mycpapp-887643134.tar
```

This will extract the CP application zip named 'mycpapp-887643134.zip', generate a CP application dlfile and sign it for development for the platform vos3.

packman.py cpapp_convert -t vos3 -s dev --cpapp_type appdev -z mycpapp-887643134.zip -o dl.mycpapp-887643134_appdev.tar

This will extract the CP application zip named 'mycpapp-887643134.zip', generate a CP application dlfile for appdev device and sign it for development for the platform vos3.

packman.py cpapp_convert -t vos3 -s dev --cpapp_type appdev -d dl .mycpapp-887643134.tar -o dl.mycpapp-887643134_appdev.tar

This will convert the CP application dlfile named dl.mycpapp-887643134.tar to CP application dlfile for appdev device and sign it for development for the platform vos3.

gen_activation command (vos3 only)

The 'gen_activation' command creates usr1 activation installable dlfile which activates features of the system. This can be used typically to generate activation for Commerce Applications. Please refer to 'gen_activation' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py gen_activation -t vos3 -s dev -d dl.mycpapp-887643134.tar dl .mycpapp-887643134_activate.tar
```

This will extract the CP application bundle in dl.mycpapp-887643134.tar and generate a corresponding activation dlfile and sign it for development for the platform vos3.

upwd_build command (vos3 & vaos only)

The 'upwd_build' command creates unified packaging for password changes. Please refer to 'upwd_build' help for all options.

Example usage (vos3):

```
packman.py upwd_build -t vos3 -e encryption_cert.pem -s dev -i
password_change.json -o file.upwd.tar
```

This will create the file.upwd.tar package containing encrypted and signed password changes instructions. The '- e encryption_cert.pem' indicates which encryption certificate (pem file) to use for encryption and the '-s dev' indicates signing with development key. For testing purposes only, a generic 'test' encryption certificate is bundled with packman and can be specified with option '-e test' (to test both on prod and dev devices). The password changes instructions are passed using the content of a JSON file named 'password_change.json' in this example. The structure of this instruction file is:

- password_changes (mandatory): array of objects
 - target (mandatory): array of strings containing target serial numbers expressions
 - \circ **name** (mandatory): string containing name of the password
 - pass (mandatory): string containing value of the password. Valid passwords are 7 to 12 characters.
 - expired (optional, default to false): boolean indicating if password is expired

• **require_old** (optional, default to false): boolean indicating if old password is needed to change password

For the target field, the serial number expression must be either:

- a fully defined serial number for a single device: like "123-456-789" (1 serial number)
- a globing serial number expression using one or more wildcard (*) like "12*-456-78*" (100 serial numbers)

Here is an example of such file:

In such unified packaging, the naming of content and output archive is important and packman will fail on wrong namings.

Note that 'merge' and 'validate' accept these type of unified packages for processing using the '-u' option.

Special case of vaos

Example usage (vaos):

packman.py upwd_build -t vaos -e encryption_cert.pem -s dev -i
password_change.json -o file.zip

In order to be comply with vaos package signing, the upwd archive mentioned above will be automatically wrapped into a zip archive. The output archive file can be named with:

- '.zip' extension: can be directly installed on device
- '.apk' extension: can be used to sign online. Once signed, resulting file can be renamed with '.zip' extension for installation. If dev signature is requested (-s dev) this output file will be development signed using 'apksigner' tool. This 'apksigner' tool needs to be installed separately and PATH environment variable set for packman to invoke it. It is available in the Android SDK but can also be installed separately using the Android "Build tools" (choose OS flavor). Some linux distributions allow direct package installation (ie ubuntu: 'sudo apt install apksigner').

uvrk_build command (vos3 only)

The 'uvrk_build' command creates unified packaging for vrk payloads. Please refer to 'uvrk_build' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py uvrk_build -t vos3 -i payload_123-456-789.vrk2.json -o file.uvrk
.tar
```

This will create the file.uvrk.tar package containing the payload passed as parameter. In such unified packaging, the naming of content and output archive is important and packman will fail on wrong namings.

Note that 'merge' and 'validate' accept these type of unified packages for processing using the '-u' option.

pre_signingportal command

The 'pre_signingportal' command preprocesses a dlfile before usage in Signing Portal or Package Manager. This command and the associated 'post_signingportal' work as workarounds for those tools for vos2 platform. It performs the following operations:

- 1. remove blacklist directory in dlfile
- 2. applies all automatic fixes see Automatic fixes

To restore the optimizations, it is recommended to use 'post_signingportal' on resulting dlfile after Signing Portal and Package Manager usage. Please refer to 'pre_signingportal' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py pre_signingportal -t vos2 -d dlfile.tgz -o output.tgz
```

This will preprocess the dlfile 'dlfile.tgz' and write preprocessed dlfile to 'ouput.tgz'.

post_signingportal command

The 'post_signingportal' command postprocesses a dlfile after usage in Signing Portal or Package Manager. This command and the associated 'pre_signingportal' work as workarounds for those tools for vos2 platform. It performs the following operations:

1. restore blacklist directory in dlfile Please refer to 'post_signingportal' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py post_signingportal -t vos2 -d dlfile.tgz -o output.tgz
```

This will postprocess the dlfile 'dlfile.tgz' and write postprocessed dlfile to 'ouput.tgz'.

zip_create command (vos3 only)

The 'zip_create' command creates a zip file containing all files to be signed recursively in a directory. Please refer to 'zip_create' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py zip_create -t vos3 -i directory -fo zip_to_sign.zip
```

This will recursively scan files and archive in directory and create zip file to be signed.

sponsor_change_create command (vos3 only)

The 'sponsor_change_create' command creates a sponsor change dlfile. Please refer to 'sponsor_change_create' help for all options.

Example usage (unlock):

```
packman.py sponsor_change_create -t vos3 -s dev --current_sponsor 123456
--serial_numbers "123-456-789" -o dl.dlfile.tar
```

This will create dl.dlfile.tar that can be used to remove sponsor of device with serial number 123-456-789 and sponsor ID 123456. This dlfile will need to be production signed with matching sponsor signer 123456 that can sign for usr1.

Example usage (change):

packman.py sponsor_change_create -t vos3 -s dev --current_sponsor 123456
--current_sponsor 456789 --serial_numbers "123-456-789" -o dl.dlfile.tar

This will create dl.dlfile.tar that can be used to change sponsor of device with serial number 123-456-789 and sponsor ID 123456 to sponsor 456789. This dlfile will need to be production signed two times:

- 1. signed with matching sponsor signer 123456 that can sign for usr1.
- 2. signed with matching sponsor signer 456789 that can sign for usr1. Those two signed outputs need then to be merged back with the merge command see sponsor_change_merge command (vos3 only)

sponsor_change_merge command (vos3 only)

The 'sponsor_change_merge' command merges two signed dlfiles to create a sponsor change dlfile. Please refer to 'sponsor_change_merge' help for all options.

Example usage:

packman.py sponsor_change_merge -t vos3 -i dl.signed_current.tar dl
.signed_new.tar -o dl.dlfile.tar

This will create dl.dlfile.tar that can be used to change the sponsor of a device. The two dlfiles provided need to be signed by the correct signers for the current and new sponsors. see <u>sponsor_change_create command (vos3</u> only)

zip_sign command (vos3 only)

The 'zip_sign' command signs the files contained in a zip file and create a signed zip file. Zip file used as input is typically the output of the above "zip_create" command. Please refer to 'zip_sign' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py zip_sign -t vos3 -s dev -z zip_to_sign.zip -fo zip_zigned.zip
```

This will recursively scan files in zip_to_sign.zip and create zip_zigned.zip containing dev signatures.

zip_apply command (vos3 only)

The 'zip_apply' command will insert all signatures in zip file back to directories or archives. Zip file used as input is typically the output of the above "zip_sign" command or from signing portal. <u>Directory</u> needs to be the exact same as when the "zip_create" command was used. Please refer to 'zip_apply' help for all options.

Example usage:

```
packman.py zip_apply -t vos3 -i directory -z zip_zigned.zip
```

This will recursively scan files in directories and add signatures from zip_zigned.zip.

stat command

The 'stat' command outputs general information about an archive in a parsable form. Please refer to 'stat' help for all options.

Example usage:

packman.py stat -t vos3 -d dlfile.tar

This will output information like:

ui command

The 'ui' command launches a local webserver and a browser client for user interface.

Example usage:

packman.py ui

Please refer to User interface for how to use user interface.

Bundle filters (vos3 only)

Where mentioned, commands like <u>gen_removal command (vos3 only)</u>, <u>merge command</u> and <u>list command</u> allow to use bundle filters to include or exclude some bundles from the processing. The following filter options are available:

- -include_bundle_name: select which bundle names to be included (*)
- -exclude_bundle_name: select which bundle names to be excluded (*)
- -include_bundle_user: select which bundle users to be included (*)
- -exclude_bundle_user: select which bundle users to be excluded (*)
- -include_tgt_devices: select bundle matching target device models to be included
- -include_tgt_dt_names: select bundle matching target device tree names to be included
- -include_tgt_serial_numbers: select bundle matching serial numbers to be included

- **--include_arch_type:** select type of archives to be included (one or more of 'bundle', 'upfile', 'upwd' and 'uvrk')
- **-exclude_arch_type:** select type of archives to be excluded (one or more of 'bundle', 'upfile', 'upwd' and 'uvrk')

(*) accepts wilcard '*' to specify globing for the match.

All filters can be combined and each accept multiple values separated by spaces.

User interface

Start

When initially started, the browser window shows the following:



Add to catalog

To add an archive to the catalog, click on "Add", this will open this dialog:

Add to catalog

Select file, type and platform

Browse	No file selected.	
DIfile		~
vos2		~



Select the archive on your disk, select the type of archive and the platform, then confirm with "Add" button. The newly added archive will appear in the list and can be removed using remove button "X". This operation can be performed several times and the current archive can be selected in the dropdown list.

Tree view

The selected archive from the catalog is shown using a tree view which looks like a file explorer view, you can fold and open directories as well as archives.



Content view

If the currently selected node in the tree has content that packman can display, the content of the file will be shown on the right side of the window. Control files, signatures, images, html, xml, css, etc. can be viewed this way.

Add Image: Sector of the s								
Name		User	Mode	Size	A-user	A-group		
▲ Difile dl.bdl_notcompressed.tgz								
Bundle bdl_notcompressed.tar	0	usr1	rw-rw-r	10.0 KiB	phedon	phedon		
4 🎍 CONTROL			rwxrwxr-x	0B	phedon	phedon		
control			rw-rw-r	42.0 B	phedon	phedon		
[] filelist			rw-rw-r	75.0 B	phedon	phedon		
Package pkg_normal.tgz		usr1	rw-rw-r	263.0 B	phedon	phedon		
Signature pkg_normal.tgz.p7s			rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon		
Signature bdl_notcompressed.tar.p7s			rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon		

Search

The search entry area allows to look for nodes in the tree that contains the entered text. Note that clicking on the node path will bring you directly to the selected node in the tree.

Search result for 'normal' in 'dl.bdl_notcompressed.tgz'

#	Node
1	bdl_notcompressed.tar/pkg_ normal .tgz
2	bdl_notcompressed.tar/pkg_ normal .tgz/CONTROL
3	bdl_notcompressed.tar/pkg_ normal .tgz/CONTROL/control
4	bdl_notcompressed.tar/pkg_ normal .tgz/CONTROL/filelist
5	bdl_notcompressed.tar/pkg_ normal .tgz/ normal
6	bdl_notcompressed.tar/pkg_ normal .tgz.p7s

Validation report

The billboard icon right to the catalog list shows the current number of validation errors, clicking on it will bring up the validation report.

X

Validation of 'dl.bdl_notcompressed.tgz' for 'vos2' Errors: 1 Warnings: 0

 # Severity
 Category
 Node
 Description

 1
 error
 structure
 bdl_notcompressed.tar
 Bundle is not compressed

Bread crumbs

When selecting a node, the complete path of this node (separated by '/') is displayed. Each of these breadcrumbs are clickable to jump to their location.

Add X Difile Vos2 dl.bdl_notcompres	ssed.tgz 🕶	2	dl.bdl_	notcomp	pressed.	tgz / bdl
/ 🖓 -		0.914	Anton all		20	
lame		User	Mode	Size	A-user	A-group
dl.bdl_notcompressed.tgz						
Bundle bdl_notcompressed.tar	0	usr1	rw-rw-r	10.0 KiB	phedon	phedon
🖻 🏭 CONTROL			rwxrwxr-x	0B	phedon	phedon
Package pkg_normal.tgz		usr1	rw-rw-r	263.0 B	phedon	phedon
4 🌡 CONTROL			rwxrwxr-x	0B	phedon	phedon
Control			rw-rw-r	42.0 B	phedon	phedon
🗋 filelist			rw-rw-r	48.0 B	phedon	phedon
normal			rw-rw-r	7.0 B	phedon	phedon
Signature pkg_normal.tgz.p7s			rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon
Signature bdl notcompressed tar p7s			rw-rw-r	626.0 B	nhedon	nhedon

Create a project

In order to edit an archive, select it and click on the 'pen' icon. It will ask for a name for this project archive. This project file must have a name that does not already exist in the catalog.

New project

×

Name dl.bdl_notcompressed2.tgz Source: dl.bdl_notcompressed.tgz



Writable nodes

Depending on the signer that is currently selected and the chosen signer users, the nodes of a project archive may be modifiable or not. This is shown with lock icons.

Packman 🕡						
Add X Difile vos2 dl.bdl_notcompressed2.tgz	21	•	dl.bdl	_notcom	pressed	2.tgz/bd
✓ ↓ ← → Add ▼ × No signer ▼]					
Name		User	Mode	Size	A-user	A-group
Interpretation of the second secon						
Bundle bdl_notcompressed.tar	٥	usr1	rw-rw-r	10.0 KiB	phedon	phedon
Distance Control			rwxrwxr-x	0B	phedon	phedon
Package pkg_normal.tgz		usr1	rw-rw-r	263.0 B	phedon	phedon
🖻 🌽 CONTROL	0		rwxrwxr-x	0B	phedon	phedon
normal			rw-rw-r	7.0 B	phedon	phedon
Signature pkg_normal.tgz.p7s	۵		rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon
Signature bdl_notcompressed.tar.p7s	0		rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon

Select signer and signer users

Choosing a signer is done using the signer dropbox.



When a signer has been selected, the icon next to it allows to select the signer users. The users shown are the ones supported by the current signer. Thus for local signer, this is also depending on the currently inserted smartcard. Checking or unchecking users allows to limit the allowed signed users.

Users for Dev signer							
 All usr usr1 usr2 usr3 usr4 usr5 usr6 usr7 usr8 usr9 usr10 usr11 usr13 	 All sys sys1 sys2 sys3 sys4 sys5 sys6 sys7 sys8 sys9 sys10 sys11 sys12 	 All other root 					
usr14 usr15 usr15 usr16	<pre>_ sys15 _ sys14 _ sys15 _ sys16</pre>						

Delete selected nodes

Nodes can be selected (checkbox) and removed using 'X' button

Packman 💿					
Add X Difile Vos2 Delete selected essed2.tg	z / •	📍 dl.b	odl_notco	mpress	ed2.tgz/
✓ ↓ ← → Add ▼ × Dev signer	•				
Name	User	Mode	Size	A-user	A-group
Difile dl.bdl_notcompressed2.tgz					
Bundle bdl_notcompressed.tar	usr1	rw-rw-r	10.0 KiB	phedon	phedon
4 🗌 🎩 CONTROL		rwxrwxr-x	0B	phedon	phedon
Control		rw-rw-r	42.0 B	phedon	phedon
🗖 🗋 filelist		rw-rw-r	75.0 B	phedon	phedon
Package pkg_normal.tgz	usr1	rw-rw-r	263.0 B	phedon	phedon
CONTROL		rwxrwxr-x	0B	phedon	phedon
normal		rw-rw-r	7.0 B	phedon	phedon
Signature pkg_normal.tgz.p7s		rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon
Signature bdl_notcompressed.tar.p7s		rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon

Undo / redo

Operations done to the project can be undone or redone using these buttons.



Context menu

A context menu is available on nodes for renaming, deleting, ...

Packman (i)	l.bdl_notcompressed2.tg	gz / •	🗂 dl.	bdl_notc	ompres	sed2.tgz
/ ↓ + Add	💌 × 🛛 Dev signer	••				274.94
Name		User	Mode	Size	A-user	A-group
Difile dl.bdl_notcompressed	12.tgz					
Bundle bdl_notcompre	ssed.tar	usr1	rw-rw-r	10.0 KiB	phedon	phedon
Signature bdl_notcom	Rename Delete Delete selected Export file (NA)		rw-rw-r	626.0 B	phedon	phedon

Adding files to archive

In order to add files to the current project, select the "Add from catalog" from the "Add" button. This will bring the catalog list into the right part of the window for selection and will show treeview too. To add files to the current project, drag and drop the file into the project.

Add Contractions_dl.adk-4.8.8-1268	-vos2	-enga	ge-prod2.1	.gz / •	🖹 vos2
✓ ↓ ← → Add • × No signer •					
Name		User	Mode	Size	A-user
Dlfile vos2_load_solutions_dl.adk-4.8.8-1268-vos2-engage-prod2.tgz					
🖻 🔲 🌽 0.optim			rwxrwxr-x	0B	buildagent
Bundle 1.OS.siupdate_1.0.0.tgz	0	root	rw-rw-r	2.22 MiB	buildagent
Signature 1.OS.siupdate_1.0.0.tgz.p7s	4		rw-rw-r	586.0 B	buildagent
Bundle 2.OS.removeall.tgz		root	rw-rw-r	263.0 B	buildagent
Signature 2.OS.removeall.tgz.p7s			rw-rw-r	581.0 B	buildagent
Manifest Engage.mft			rw-rw-r	611.46 KiB	buildagent

Exporting

The exporting operation will use the current signer and create the resulting archive you edited. Some specific exports are also available which correspond to command line operation. Please refer to <u>Command line interface</u> for more information on their usage.



Automatic fixes

When generating an archive, packman applies automatic fixes on contents that are writable. A content is considered writable when one of the following applies:

- content does not involve a signature nor signature of its parent
- content involves a signature and selected signer is applicable
- special operation where signing is postponed: ie pre_signingportal

Here is the list of automatic fixes:

- fix depth-first ordering of archives
- fix compression on archives
- fix naming of extensions for archives, signature, certificate directory, remove '.' directories
- fix filelist presence and content
- fix blacklist presence and content
- fix order of items in archives
- fix permissions on windows
- remove permissions on non-executable files
- fix VHQ manifest presence and content
- fix control file fields like ensuring 'Name' usage in bundle and 'Package' in packages